

# Lecture 17: Higher Derived Images

Note Title

12/5/2019

$f: X \rightarrow Y$  continuous map between topological spaces

$f_*: \mathcal{O}_X \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_Y$  left exact

$\rightsquigarrow Rf_*$  the associate right derived functor.

Proposition 1:  $\forall i \geq 0, F \in \mathcal{O}_X$

$R^i f_* F$  is the sheafification of the presheaf

$$V \mapsto H^i(f^*(V), F|_{f^*(V)})$$

pf:

$\mathcal{H}^i(X, F): \mathcal{O}_X \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_Y$

$$\mathcal{H}^0(X, F) = f_* F$$

• If  $0 \rightarrow F' \rightarrow F \rightarrow F'' \rightarrow 0$  exact on  $X$

then  $0 \rightarrow F'|_V \rightarrow F|_V \rightarrow F''|_V \rightarrow 0$  exact on  $f^*(V) \subseteq X$   
open

$\{H^i(f^*(V), -)\}$   $\delta$ -functor  $\Rightarrow$   $\{\mathcal{H}^i(X, -)\}$   $\delta$ -functor

$\{T^i\}$  s.t

•  $0 \rightarrow A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow 0$  exact

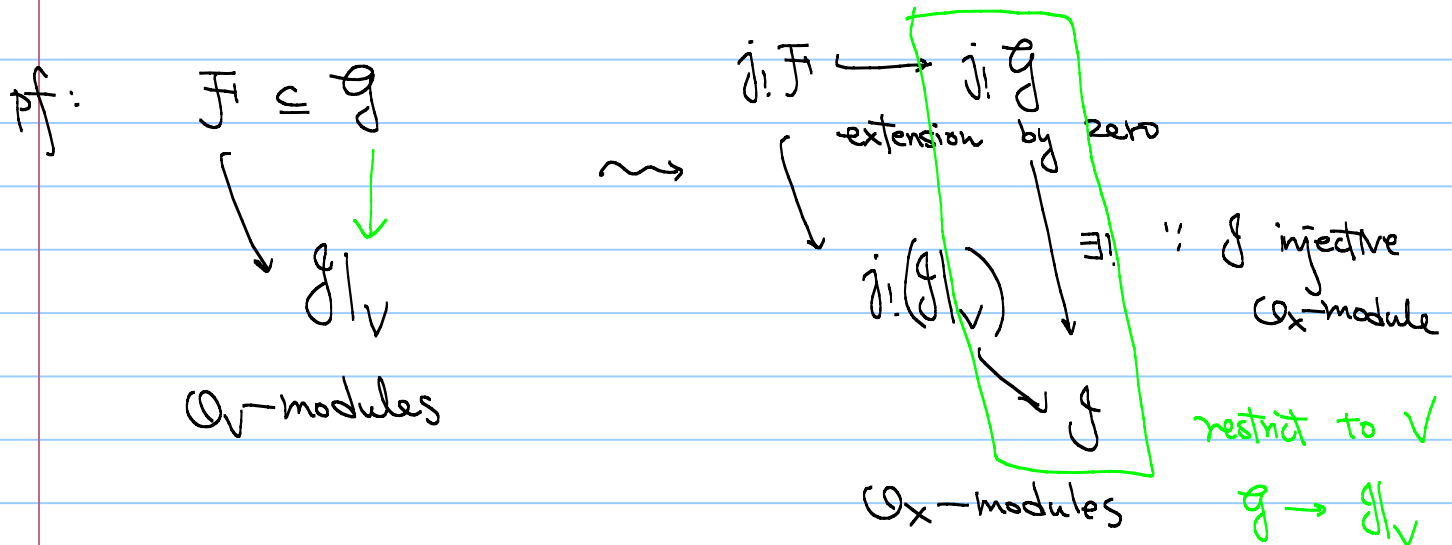
$\Rightarrow \dots \rightarrow T^i(A) \rightarrow T^i(B) \rightarrow T^i(C) \rightarrow T^{i+1}(A) \rightarrow \dots$

• natural transformation

Theorem 1 (Grothendieck)  $\{T^i\}$   $\delta$ -functor from  $\mathcal{A}$  to  $\mathcal{B}$   
 s.t.  $\forall A \in \mathcal{A}, \exists A \hookrightarrow \tilde{A}$  w/  $T^i(\tilde{A}) = 0, i > 0$

Then  $T^i \cong R^i T^0$

Lemma 1: If  $\mathcal{G}$  is an injective  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -module,  
 then  $\mathcal{G}|_V$  is injective  $\mathcal{O}_V$ -module, for  $V \subseteq X$   
<sub>open</sub>



Proposition 2:  $f: X \rightarrow Y \cong \text{Spec } A$ ,  $\mathcal{F}$ : quasi-coherent on  $X$   
<sub>Noetherian scheme</sub>  
 then  $R^i f_* \mathcal{F} \cong H^i(\widetilde{X}, \mathcal{F})$

pf:  $T^i: \mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{D}\text{coh}(X) \rightarrow H^i(\widetilde{X}, \mathcal{F}) \in \mathcal{D}\text{coh}(Y)$   $\delta$ -functor  
 $\mathcal{F} \mapsto H^i(\widetilde{X}, \mathcal{F})$   $\delta$ -functor  $\times \sim$  exact

$T^0(\mathcal{F}) = H^0(\widetilde{X}, \mathcal{F}) = H^0(Y, f_* \mathcal{F}) = f_* \mathcal{F}, \forall \mathcal{F}$   
 $f_* \mathcal{F}$  quasi-coherent on  $Y$

- Every quasi-coherent sheaf can be embedded into a flasque quasi-coherent sheaf.

$$\implies T^i \cong R^i f_*$$

Theorem 1

Corollary:  $f: X \rightarrow Y$ ,  $f_i$ : quasi-coherent on  $X$   
Noetherian scheme

Then  $R^i f_* \mathcal{F}$  is quasi-coherent on  $Y$

check on each affine open subset  $\times$  reduces to Proposition 2

Proposition 3.  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  separated morphism of Noetherian schemes

$\mathcal{F}_i$ : quasi-coherent sheaf on  $X$

$\{U_i\}$  affine open cover of  $X$

then  $R^i f_* \mathcal{F} = h^i(f_* \mathcal{C}(\{U_i\}, \mathcal{F}_i))$   
 can be computed by Čech cohomology.

pf: •  $\forall V \subseteq Y$   $f^{-1}(V) \cap U_i$  is affine

since  $R^i f_* \mathcal{F}$  is quasi-coherent, may reduce to the case  $Y = \text{Spec } A$  affine.

$0 \rightarrow \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{E}^\bullet(\{U_i\}, \mathcal{F})$  quasi-coherent, acyclic resolution

$\Rightarrow 0 \rightarrow \mathcal{F} \rightarrow f_* \mathcal{E}^\bullet(\{U_i\}, \mathcal{F}) = \widetilde{C}^\bullet(\{U_i\}, \mathcal{F})$   
quasi-coherent on  $Y = \text{Spec } A$   
acyclic resolution

(Serre)

higher cohomology vanishes  
of quasi-coherent sheaves  
vanish on affine scheme.

Theorem 2.  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  projective morphism,  $\mathcal{O}_X(1)$  very ample  
between Noetherian schemes

$\mathcal{F}$ : coherent sheaf on  $X$

Then ①  $f^* f_* (\mathcal{F}(n)) \rightarrow \mathcal{F}(n)$  for  $n \gg 0$

②  $R^i f_* \mathcal{F}$  is coherent sheaf on  $Y$ ,  $\forall i \geq 0$

③  $R^i f_* \mathcal{F}(n) = 0$ ,  $\forall i > 0, n \gg 0$ .

pf: • Projective morphism is preserved under base change.  
+ conditions in ① ② ③ can be checked locally.

$\rightsquigarrow$  reduce to the case  $Y = \text{Spec } A$  affine

①  $\mathcal{F}(n)$  is generated by global sections,  $n \gg 0$

② Proposition 2:  $R^i f_* \mathcal{F} = \widetilde{H^i(X, \mathcal{F})}$  coherent

$\because H^i(X, \mathcal{F})$  finitely generated  $A$ -module

③  $R^i f_* \mathcal{F}(n) = \widetilde{H^i(X, \mathcal{F}(n))} = 0, \quad n \gg 0$